

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

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VOL. I.

PHOENIX, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1890.

NO. 72

WORK OF CONGRESS

The Senate Still Struggling with the Tariff Bill.

MR. VEST STILL ON THE FLOOR

The House Consumes Another Entire Day in Discussing the Merits of the Endless Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—In the Senate, the bill to pension all surviving officers and men of Powell's battalion of Missouri mounted volunteers, raised during the war with Mexico, was passed.

Senator Aldrich offered a resolution fixing the daily hour of meeting at 11 a. m., and some discussion followed. The resolution was agreed to with the understanding that the Senate shall adjourn at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Aldrich moved to proceed with the consideration of the tariff bill. Mr. Gray moved to proceed with the House bill for a transfer of the revenue marine service to the navy department. The latter motion was agreed to. Yeas, 25; nays, 25.

Mr. Cockerell continued his argument in opposition to the bill. He had not concluded the speech when at 2 o'clock the presiding officer laid before the Senate the tariff bill as unfinished business.

Mr. Gray moved to continue the consideration of the revenue marine bill. Mr. Frye said the friends of the revenue bill had occupied but an hour and a half upon it. All the rest of the time it was as evident to the Senate as to the House that the bill had been occupied for the purpose of preventing a vote on the measure. That only indicated (what he believed) that the necessity of the previous question in the Senate, or of some way to stop debate and to prevent a Senator from getting up every morning for three or four mornings in succession and reading from the report of a Clerk in the Treasury Department. Why should a vote not be taken on the bill if there is a majority of the Senate in favor of it? Why should it not be taken to say so? The Senator from Ohio (Sherman) had made four speeches upon the bill, and in the course of them had read the same identical articles which the Senator from Missouri had occupied the last three mornings in reading.

Finally Mr. Gray's motion was rejected, by a vote of 14 to 34.

The tariff bill was then taken up, and Mr. Vest addressed the Senate in opposition to it. The advocates of high tariff taxation, he said, were confronted by a great peril. A depression in agricultural interests and the emphatic demands of the farmers for something besides lying statistics and frothy declarations had caused President Harrison and Secretary Blaine to urge upon Congress legislation for subsidies to encourage the production of the tariff duties on Southern American States in order to obtain a foreign market for American products. Very little was heard now of the home market, but a great deal of Southern American markets. So at least the protectionists have been driven from their pretensions humbug about a home market and are forced to adopt the principle of free commerce, international commerce which they had so long opposed and derided. Mr. Vest went on to criticize the provisions of the pending bill that are supposed to be for the benefit of the farmers and said that the farmers wanted was the opening and enlargement of foreign markets for their surplus wheat, corn, cattle and pork and the decrease of the tariff duty on clothing, hardware, tin and other necessary articles of daily and incessant use by the farmer and his family.

The pending bill, he declared, was to repay the mill owners their contributions to the campaign fund of the Republican party during the last presidential canvass and as the planters of the South were Democrats the duties on Southern manufactures were increased, while the duty on rice was diminished. The consumers of the United States were being systematically plundered under the pretense of protection to home industries. No further concealment is possible. The truth was at last revealed. The manufacturers were persistently asking higher duties on foreign competition and were availing themselves of the monopoly given by the exclusive tariff to charge the people of this country from 20 to 70 per cent. higher for their goods than they could sell the same articles for in unprotected markets of the world. It was no longer protection, but pure, simple, naked plunder. Americans boasted of their free institutions of liberty and equality, but who, he asked, could call himself a free man, save in mockery, when by the course of law the proceeds of his life and labor were unjustly taken to enrich another.

Mr. Turpie addressed the Senate briefly on Mr. McPherson's resolution to commit the bill with instructions to report a bill to reduce the revenue and to equalize the duties on imports which the average ad valorem rate of duty on all dutiable articles shall not exceed the average ad valorem rate of duty of 1864. He declared himself not satisfied with the instructions. If there was a choice to be made between the pending bill and the Morrill tariff of 1864 he would choose the Morrill tariff, but as the proposed instructions were simply an expression of opinion of that great leader of the people who polled a majority of the people for his reelection, the scheme would be an imposition of lower duties on things in general and of higher rates on articles of luxury and refinement, the total sum of the levy not to exceed necessary expenses of the government and the interest on the national debt.

The question was taken on the motion to recommit, and was defeated by a strict party vote, yeas, 19; nays, 29.

The reading of the bill by paragraphs for amendment was begun, the first sentence being that as to chemicals, oils and paints.

Mr. McPherson moved to reduce the duty on acetic or hydrochloric acid not exceeding a specific gravity of 1.47 one-thousandths from 1 1/2 cents to 1 cent per pound and on acid exceeding that specific gravity from 4 to 3 cents per

THE WEST'S GROWTH

How It Struck the First Assistant Postmaster-General.

DENIED OFFICIAL FACILITIES

Mr. Clarkson Speaks a Good Word for the West, and Promises to Recommend Ready Relief for the Postal Congestion.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson returned from a tour of the Western States last night, and assumed his duties today. He said to an Associated Press reporter: "My tour comprehended all the important cities west of Chicago and north of Kansas City. No one can understand how rapidly that great country is developing until he sees it. It has not had in any of the departments of the government the official facilities that it is entitled to. I traveled on the fast mail from Central Iowa to Portland, which makes a deal of time, sixty-seven miles per hour and the service is very efficient and other fast mails are being brought up to the standard. Post offices in the cities that have been doubling every year or two were looked over and I returned with strong recommendations for increased allowances for nearly all of them and some of these have already been granted. The Department is anxious to try and keep up with the country with its prodigious growth and increase of population and business."

A NEVADA LAW POINT.
IT WILL BE SETTLED BY THE STATE SUPREME COURT.
CARSON, Nev., July 28.—This morning Messrs. Woodburn and Coffin appeared before the Board of State Examiners and asked that they advertise the constitutional amendments voted at the special election of 1888. The Board declined to do so and mandamus proceedings were at once begun in the Supreme Court. Messrs. Woodburn and Coffin attacked the constitutionality of the special election law passed by the last legislature on the grounds that no proper provision was made for registration, as provided by the constitution. They claimed that if the election was void it was time to find it out now so the defects could be remedied at the next general election.

BOYS SERIOUSLY INJURED.

They Find Some Giant Caps and Explode Them.

SAN DIEGO, July 28.—Ralph and Rowen Cooley, aged 9 and 7, Harry Weegan, aged 9, and Steve Dowd, aged 4, were seriously injured this afternoon by the explosion of a bunch of giant powder caps with which they were playing. The two Cooley boys will probably lose their eyesight, while the other two suffer from particles of iron that fill their faces and bodies. The boys found a mass of wire while playing in the yard and proceeded to cut off what they supposed to be pieces of lead from the ends of the wires. A blow from a hatchet caused the explosion of about thirty of the caps.

SMALLPOX IN TEXAS.

A Negro Causes Excitement at Del Rio—Another Case Found.

DEL RIO, Texas, July 28.—There was some excitement in the city this morning over a negro at the depot who came in from El Paso and who was reported as having smallpox. Upon examination by a physician he was found to be just getting over it. The health officer guarded him until a new suit could be procured. His old ones were then burned. The negro left town soon after.

Another case was reported in the afternoon in the Mexican portion of town. The officer went immediately and had him moved out of town to a tent and guarded. There are no more cases reported up to this evening and it is believed this will be the last.

CALIFORNIA MINING DEAL.

OROVILLE, Cal., July 28.—Parties in this community who held an interest in the Cape Union and Cape Creek mining claims, comprising a mile and a half of the Feather River channel at Oroville, were paid off in gold coin at the bank today and by Major Frank McLaughlin. This is the result of the Golden Feather, which was successfully floated in London on May 15. Work will be commenced on the great mine and numerous other enterprises will be started. The company represents a capital of \$180,000, all paid in.

YOUNG SAWYER REARRESTED.

SAN RAFAEL, Cal., July 28.—Prescott Sawyer, a son of Judge Lorenzo Sawyer, was brought here this evening on a warrant sworn to by Constable Creed, of Sausalito, before Justice Gardner, charging Sawyer with an assault to murder. Sawyer was tried in Sausalito on the same charge last Saturday and the case was dismissed. He was admitted to bail this evening in the sum of \$5000. The case was set for August 9th, before Justice Gardner.

BROKERS FORCED TO THE WALL.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Ernest Hess, a member of the Board of Trade since its formation, failed today. He was short two million bushels of oats and the recent rapid rise forced him to the wall. Liabilities are estimated at \$150,000 and he had about \$80,000 upon margin. In addition to his out speculation Hess had sold a line of May corn.

R. G. TENNENT, A SMALL TRADER IN PROVISIONS, WAS ALSO FORCED TO ORDER HIS TRADING CLOSED TODAY.

HE CUT HIS THROAT.

SAN BERNARDINO, July 28.—James Daly, a boiler maker, aged 45, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat.

ELECTRIC VOTING FOR CONGRESS.

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ing this session there have been over 300 roll calls, each consuming thirty minutes, or an aggregate of thirty working days. He asserts that by the use of his machine twenty-five days could have been saved. The committee took the matter under advisement.

MAN HORRIBLY BURNED.

A Lodger in an Alameda Hotel Really Roasted.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—The Royal Oak Hotel in Alameda, took fire early yesterday morning. Stephen H. Hart, a lodger, in whose room the fire began, dashed himself through a burning window sash and escaped alive, but terribly burned. The upper part of his body was literally roasted. After forcing his way through the window he walked across the street and burned pieces of flesh fell from him with every step. Strange to relate, he retained consciousness and his appeals for water were pitiful. He is still alive. The fire was extinguished.

REV. RAE BOUND OVER.

Failing to Furnish a Thousand Dollars Bail He Goes to Jail.

LA JUNTA, Colo., July 28.—Rev. W. S. Rae, who was arrested in Pueblo last week on the charge of fraudulently obtaining money and then attempting to leave the State, was today bound over to the Grand Jury in the sum of \$1000. Failing to give bond he was taken to Las Animas tonight for incarceration till the jail here is completed, which will be in about a week.

He stated to your correspondent this evening that he should devote his time to the finishing of a serial story which he has now about half completed.

RIOTING IN A CHURCH

ARMENIANS OF CONSTANTINOPLE ATTACK THEIR PATRIARCH.

Maltreated at the Altar Simply Because He Had Not Protected to the Porte with Sufficient Vehemence.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28.—A large crowd of Armenians gathered in the Armenian Cathedral in this city, yesterday, for the purpose of remonstrating with the patriarch of the church for his weak action toward the porte regarding the outrages perpetrated by the Turks. The patriarch protested against the action of the mob and declared that the sacred edifice was no place for such a demonstration. The mob thereupon rushed upon the patriarch, dragged him from the pulpit and otherwise maltreated him. A body of Turkish troops were sent to restore order, but when they tried to clear the building they met with desperate resistance. The mob was armed with revolvers and spike staves and a bloody conflict ensued. Four soldiers and three rioters were killed and others injured and harbor bill. The object of this policy is to endeavor to force the Democrats to show their purpose toward the bill, whether or not it is to be one of delay. The Republicans hope to tire out the Democrats who are to be left to do all the talking, except when necessary to answer some point.

THE SENATE CAUCUS.

It Meets and Decides Upon a Course of Action.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The Republican Senatorial Caucus tonight was attended by about twenty members. Senator Edmunds presided. His statement was that the caucus determined to fix the time of the meeting of the Senate after tomorrow and until further ordered at 10 o'clock and to continue the session as long as possible. The tariff bill alone will be considered for several days and then displaced for a time by the river and harbor bill. The object of this policy is to endeavor to force the Democrats to show their purpose toward the bill, whether or not it is to be one of delay. The Republicans hope to tire out the Democrats who are to be left to do all the talking, except when necessary to answer some point.

THE FISCAL MURDER.

The Widow Employs an Attorney to Assist in the Prosecution.

FRESNO, Cal., July 28.—It is announced that the funeral of John D. Fiske, who was killed last Saturday evening by J. L. Stillman, will take place here tomorrow at 8:30. Mrs. Fiske has retained an attorney to assist the District Attorney in the prosecution. The almost unanimous feeling here is to let the law take its course, but to guard against any possible attempt against Stillman's life, Sheriff Hensley has placed extra guards on duty in the County Jail.

RICHMOND, VA., JULY 28.—REV. DR. THEODORICK PRYOR DIED LAST NIGHT, AGED 86 YEARS.

PROPERTY IN FLAMES

NUMEROUS FIRES IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

TACOMA LOST A PLANNING MILL—MILTON, IN CALIFORNIA, HAS A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE—THE MONITOR PLOW WORKS DESTROYED.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash.—Last night's fire at Wallace, Idaho, almost annihilated the town. The ruin is complete, not a business house being left standing. The total loss was \$412,000. On this there was only \$8,000 insurance.

The fire started at 7 o'clock in the Central hotel and in two hours everything was gone. The supply of water in the reservoir gave out after ten minutes work by the firemen and the town was left to the mercy of the flames.

ANTONIO DEMORRICO WAS BURNED TO DEATH IN HIS BROTHER'S SALOON.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 28.—The plant of the Monitor Plow works was burned this afternoon, entailing a loss of \$115,000; fully insured.

OREGON CITY, OGN., JULY 28.—GREEN BRO'S. GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORE WAS BURNED YESTERDAY. THE BUILDING, A TWO STORY BRICK, WAS COMPLETELY GUTTED. LOSS, \$10,000. IT IS SUPPOSED THE FIRE WAS CAUSED BY SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION.

TACOMA, July 28.—This afternoon a fire was discovered in C. M. Johnson's sash and door factory. The flames spread rapidly and soon communicated to the adjoining buildings, all of which were totally destroyed. The damage will probably reach \$100,000.

FOLSON, Cal., July 28.—This morning the residence of F. M. O'Dow and Mrs. Stafford, with contents, were entirely destroyed by fire. It originated in O'Dow's residence from a defective flue. Both buildings were frame and uninsured.

MILTON, CAL., JULY 28.—LAST NIGHT REYNOLDS' FERRY, HIS DWELLING, STORE AND BARN, WITH THEIR CONTENTS, WERE BURNED, CAUSED BY A DEFECTIVE FLUE.

Another grass and brush fire is burning east of here.

WORLD'S FAIR SITE

Battle over It Fairly Begun at Springfield.

FARMERS AND COW MEN ALLIED

Vigorous Protests Made to the Illinois State Legislature Relative to the Selection of the Lake Front Site by Agriculturists.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 28.—Today a circular, reprinted from an agricultural paper, was placed on the desks of the members of both Houses of the legislature and several hundred copies were left at the office of the State Board of Agriculture for distribution.

It vigorously opposes the use of the lake front for any portion of the site of the World's Fair.

A letter has been received from a live stock paper of Cheyenne, Wyo., also protesting against the use of the lake front and adding that the West was bulldozed at the last meeting of the commissioners in Chicago, but will not be at the next one.

Secretary Shafer, of the Iowa State Board of Agriculture, has telegraphed the Secretary of the Illinois Board that if the double site is finally chosen Iowa will make no agricultural exhibit at the fair.

Telegrams urging the State Board to do all in its power to secure a single site have also been received from other representatives of western States.

Hon. D. W. Smith, ex-President of the National Cattle Growers and Live Stock Association of the United States, and one of the Alternate Commissioners, said today that the stock men of the country with the agriculturists were in favor of a single site, but if it seems incumbent on the directors to use the lake front as a portion of the site he did not think there would be any general objection.

The House and Senate met this afternoon, but adjourned until tomorrow without transacting any business of importance.

THE SENATE CAUCUS.

It Meets and Decides Upon a Course of Action.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The Republican Senatorial Caucus tonight was attended by about twenty members. Senator Edmunds presided. His statement was that the caucus determined to fix the time of the meeting of the Senate after tomorrow and until further ordered at 10 o'clock and to continue the session as long as possible. The tariff bill alone will be considered for several days and then displaced for a time by the river and harbor bill. The object of this policy is to endeavor to force the Democrats to show their purpose toward the bill, whether or not it is to be one of delay. The Republicans hope to tire out the Democrats who are to be left to do all the talking, except when necessary to answer some point.

The bill to transfer the Revenue Marine Bill will be postponed till later, to get the tariff bill out of the way. According to all reports the election bill will be discussed only incidentally. There was no announcement by any Senator whether or not he would support the bill in the Senate.

STARTING THE CAMPAIGN

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE IN SESSION.

Primarys to Be Held for the Election of Delegates to a Special County Convention—Inspectors Appointed.

The Republican County Central Committee met yesterday, at 2:30 p. m., at the office of the Chairman, Thomas W. Hine.

There were present Committeemen Hine, Mills, Eschman, Seelig, Peck, Priest, Kimball, H. H. Wharton, by H. L. Wharton, proxy. Absent, Messrs. Stinson, Arthur, Stauffer, Pease and Recarte.

The Chairman stated the purpose of the meeting to be a determination upon a plan for the selection of delegates from Maricopa county to the Territorial Convention.

It was moved by Mills and carried that a primary election be held upon August 15, for the purpose of choosing delegates to a County Convention to be held in Phoenix, August 23, the business of which convention shall be the selection of nineteen delegates to the Territorial Convention.

The basis upon which the representative should be fixed was agreed upon as the vote cast at the last election for John Y. T. Smith.

One delegate was apportioned to each precinct and an additional one for every twenty-five votes or fraction thereof over twelve, cast for John Y. T. Smith.

A. M. McInnis was appointed to fill the vacancy upon the Committee by the removal of A. G. Arthur.

The call for the County Convention was agreed upon, it being understood that inspectors only should be appointed, they to choose the judges. The call is published elsewhere in THE REPUBLICAN.

Upon motion adjourned subject to call of Chair.

A SCOTCH VILLAGE DESTROYED.

LONDON, July 28.—The village of Brae, in Scotland, is nearly destroyed by fire. Many buildings were destroyed. Four women were killed and many persons were injured.

A BOY HUNTER FOUND DEAD.

ASHLAND, Ogn., July 28.—Willie Clark, aged 15, went hunting on Pleasant Creek, this county, on Saturday morning. Appearances indicate that he slipped and falling discharged his gun, the ball entering the abdomen. The shot did not kill him instantly, as eight shots were heard in quick succession, evidently the signal of distress, but when found after several hours' search, life was extinct.

Genuine Case of Leprosy.

NEW YORK, July 28.—There is a genuine case of leprosy in the city. The victim is Manuel Garutia, 20 years old, a

scion of a noble family in Spain, who has been attending the Military Academy at Chester, Pa. For a week he has been sleeping at the Spanish-American boardinghouse on East 25th street, making liable to his loathsome contagious disease numerous boarders.

SHE WANTED NO DUE.

A Frail Woman Tries to Commit Suicide by Means of Landanum.

Lillie Court seems determined to keep before the public. For fear that some might not recognize the name, it should be stated that the female mentioned is the one who was shot by Dolph Liebenow a few years ago. It may be remembered that she accused Dolph in what she considered her ante-mortem statement and afterwards refused to testify against him, appearing in court with the identical bullet set in gold as a breast pin.

From all accounts Dolph has had many successors in the fickle fancy of the frail lass. The latest one, a young faro dealer, left her yesterday morning and not only deprived her of his society but took away with him a rocking chair he had presented her. The loss of the chair seemed to break her heart, and she determined to die. She preferred the sleepy path to the shades of death, so swallowed a half bottle of landanum. Assistance was right at hand, however. A mustard emetic did its work well and the damsel is now out of danger.

HELLIGLAND CESSION BILL PASSES.

LONDON, July 28.—The Helligland bill passed the third reading in commons today.

D. E. Keating and H. H. Wharten returned yesterday from Hamburg and are registered at the Mills House.

BUENOS AYRES' WAR

CLAIMS THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN REINFORCED.

President Celman Reported to Have Returned Home—The Argentine Colony in Paris Favors the Revolution.

PARIS, July 28.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres, sent at 10 a. m., says the government troops have been largely reinforced, and President Celman has returned.

THEY LIKE THE REVOLUTION.

PARIS, July 28.—Members of the Argentine colony in this city publish a note in *Liberte*, hailing the revolution in Buenos Ayres, because, they say, President Celman's financial policy has ruined the public credit and private fortunes.

DETAILS OF THE CONFLICT.

LONDON, July 28.—The *Times* dispatch from Buenos Ayres says that President Celman's police and cavalry suffered terribly in attacking the civilians and troops yesterday.

The Provisionals reopened with heavy artillery fire at dawn on Sunday, on the troops under Vice-President Pellegrin. A terrible mistake occurred during the fighting, the Eleventh regiment suddenly turning in favor of the Provisional government and attacking the troops under Vice-President Pellegrin.

A bulletin announces that the revolution has triumphed, and it is certain that the Provisionals, up to the present, have the best of the fighting.

Monday, at 9 a. m., President Celman's troops have occupied the houses around the Plaza Mayo and placed light artillery in the plaza. The demands of the *Cirica Union* has been reduced to a request that President Celman resign.

The fleet lies a good way out with steam up.

4 p. m.—Cannons have arrived for the Chilean forces, also 1200 troops. The foreign ministers have instructed the commanders of the American, British and Spanish gunboats that if the fleet resume the bombardment to protest jointly that it is contrary to the rules of war to bombard an open city without notice.

AN OPIUM JOINT RAIDED.

Constable Stankard Captures Ten Chinese in a Cellar on Montezuma Street.

Last evening about 9 o'clock Constable John Stankard, assisted by Ed. S. Carborough and Tom Davenport, made a raid upon an opium joint, located on the west side of Montezuma street, near Adams, and captured nine Chinamen. They were in a cellar which had been fitted up with bunks, etc. The officers appearing at the head of the stairs, the only exit, the Chinese were compelled to surrender, and were marched off to the county jail. Seven pipes were captured and a large amount of opium. A number of those arrested are domestic servants, and perhaps this paragraph may explain in several households the non-appearance of their cooks this morning. A few of the heathens deposited cash bail and were released. They will have their trial this morning before a Justice of the Peace.

THE DISTRICT COURT.